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## Resonance Atlas: Geographic Mapping of Ancient Sites

September 30, 2012 - Ancient Civilizations, Esoteric, Science - Tagged: ancient civilizations, fibonacci, geometry, giza, magnetic resonance, quadrupolar

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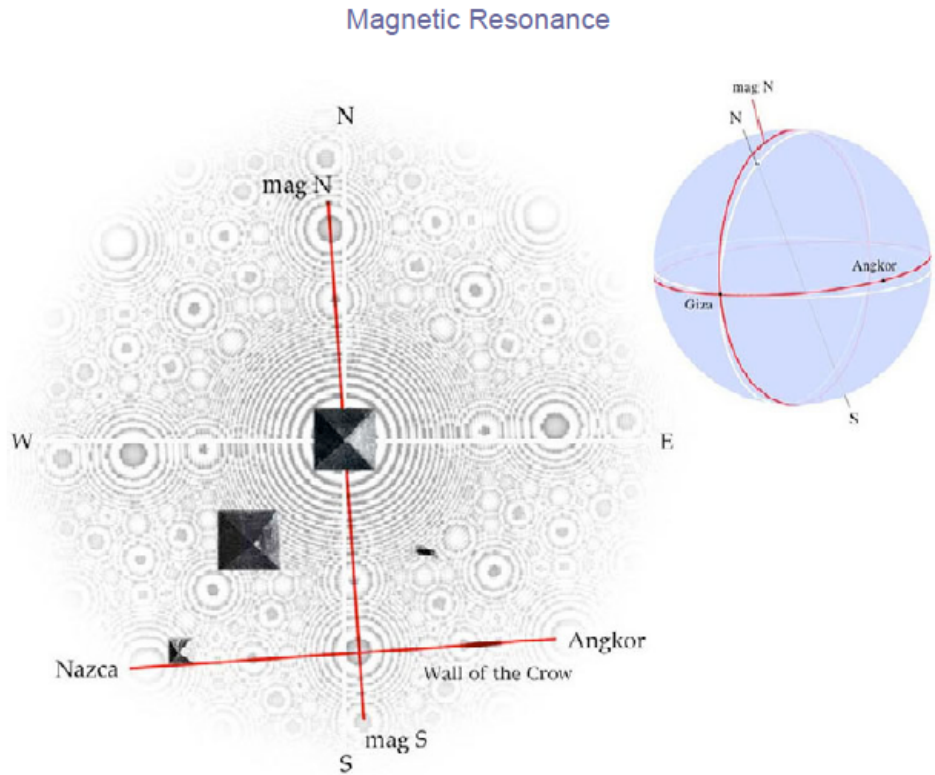
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4.1. The Wall of the Crow presents the quadrupolar alignment to magnetic N (red), offset from geographic N (white)

The four faces of the Orion pyramids of Giza, Egypt have already been described in their quadrupolar phi angles facing the cardinal directions. This alignment to the geographic north and south poles forms a longitudinal circumference around the Earth along the modern 31 ° E and 149° W (in white , 4.1 ). This circle bisects the Earth into hemispheres marking the ancient prime meridian, 0 ° longitude. The location of Giza along this line is unique as it is the center of the landmass of Earth.

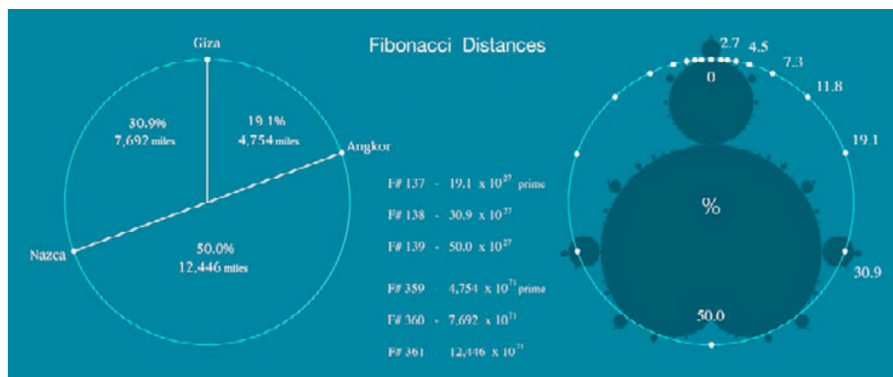
The longitudinal circumference passing through Giza crosses the most landmass above sea level of any longitude, as does the site's latitudinal circumference from 30 ° N to 30° S. These unique site specifications for the Orion pyramids would last for millennia before the inevitable changes due to catastrophic tectonic subduction events that occur repeatedly, perhaps in concert with the cycles of glaciation and magnetic polar reversal. Giza is 16.7% or about 1/6 of the Earth's circumference from the N pole along this ancient prime meridian.

The work of Carl Munck provides astonishingly detailed numerical analyses of the geometry expressed in the forms of the largest ancient limestone and granite architecture, revealing a geometric design code for specifying the exact global position in relation to Giza. Once Munck made the 31°prime meridian adjustment his efforts in decoding the numbers of presented by pyramid faces and other features were successful when using the same set of simple rules.The great complexity of the numerical codes contained in the specified geometries of ancient sites necessitates a thorough review of Munck's convincing demonstration that all ancient sites are oriented in relation to the Orion pyramids of Giza.

Search

An aerial perspective of the Giza pyramids reveals the correlation of the Magnetic Resonance structure with the design plan of the pyramids and their geometric alignments to other ancient temple sites ( 4.1). To the southeast of the Sphinx, directly east of the smallest pyramid is the massive limestone wall that defines an angular alignment not observed elsewhere at the Giza complex. The Wall of the Crow is a 600' long by 30' high megalithic wall undercut by a portal with a lintel that is among the largest fitted stones on the Giza plateau. The interlocking masonry of this entrance to the Giza plateau is highly reminiscent of stonework found in the Andes, especially the megalithic site of Saqsaywaman, in modern day Peru near the ancient Inca capital of Cuzco.

The gigantic Wall of the Crow does not share the pyramidal alignment to the geographic poles, but is angled 5° off from due east. The wall defines a division of two hemispheres along a great circumference around the Earth 'as the crow flies', passing through Giza's antipode in the Pacific Ocean at 30 ° S, 149 ° W. Along that straight- line path lie the Angkor temples of Cambodia to the east and the Nazca lines of Peru to the west, an alignment described as the Sine Wave of ancient sites. The Wall of the Crow begins and ends at nodal points of the Magnetic Resonance fractal mapping (4.1), revealing the intimate relationship between the invisible resonance patterns and the layout of the limestone pyramid complex at Giza. As well, its name is another psychoacoustic reference to flight and the sine wave pattern produced by the flapping of a bird's wings.



This Sine Wave circumference is one half of a quadrupolar alignment that is offset to the same degree as the Earth's magnetic North pole from the geographic N pole, the axis of Earth's rotation. An alignment perpendicular to the Wall of the Crow passing through the center of the Great Pyramid, at an angle offset 5° from due north, describes the pyramids' alignment to the magnetic North pole ( in red, 4.1 ), which fluctuates position near 78.3 °N 104.0 ° W in the Canadian arctic.

The distance from the magnetic North pole to Giza in miles is identical to that of Giza to Angkor, both about 4,754 miles from Giza (F#359) along a pair of perpendicular circumferences quartering the Earth. These two intersecting circles of aligned sites define the axis of the quadrupolar standing waves described here as Magnetic Resonance. If a great circle is drawn around Giza passing through all of the points at this 19.1% distance from Giza, Angkor is exactly 25% of its circumference away from the magnetic North pole (4.2).

This isosceles

triangle of sites delineates the two prime meridians passing through Giza, at prime resonant distances.

The golden ratio of phi is precisely expressed in the global circumference distances between Giza, Angkor and Nazca. Because of this perfect ratio any three consecutive numbers of the Fibonacci series can be used to precisely describe their proportionate distances, the unit of measure itself defined by the specific Fibonacci triplet chosen. The Fibonacci triplet beginning with prime Fibonacci #137 accurately expresses the Sine Wave circumference distances as a percent of the whole circumference.

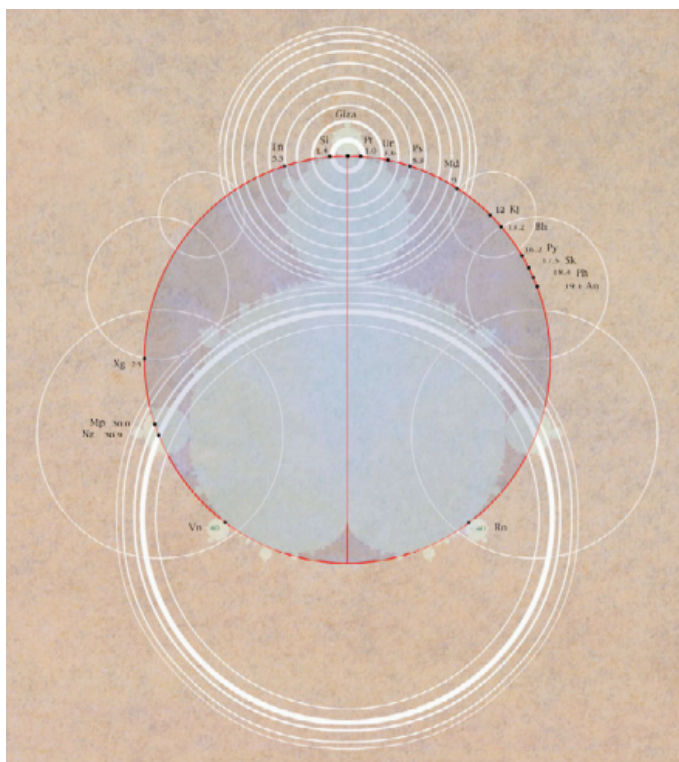
The Fibonacci triplet beginning with the next prime Fibonacci number, #359, accurately expresses the Sine Wave circumference distances in miles. This profound underlying relationship informs the application of the Mandelbrot set, which has been suspected by many as being a fundamental construct of the universe. The high degree of accuracy of these alignments forces the conclusion that ancient Sanskrit society's capacity for aerial surveillance far exceeds that achieved today.

The Earth's circumference distance from Giza to each resonant ancient site is coincident with two separate nine-digit sequences from the F series, presented in their entirety at this chapter's end, with GPS distances for 127 sites. These megalithic and earthwork sites accurately reflect the Fibonacci number set 131-139 x 10-27 in percent of circumference distance. These exact Fibonacci site distance relationships are also accurately reflected in miles by the Fibonacci number set 353-361 x 10-71. The two number sets are linked by a triad of consecutive prime Fibonacci numbers –131, 137 and 359. This triplet is at prime placement within the order of the Fibonacci series (131, 137 and 359 are prime), but their values are also prime:

1066340417491710595814572169, 19134702400093278081449423917, and  
475420437734698220747368027166749382927701417016557193662268716376935476241.

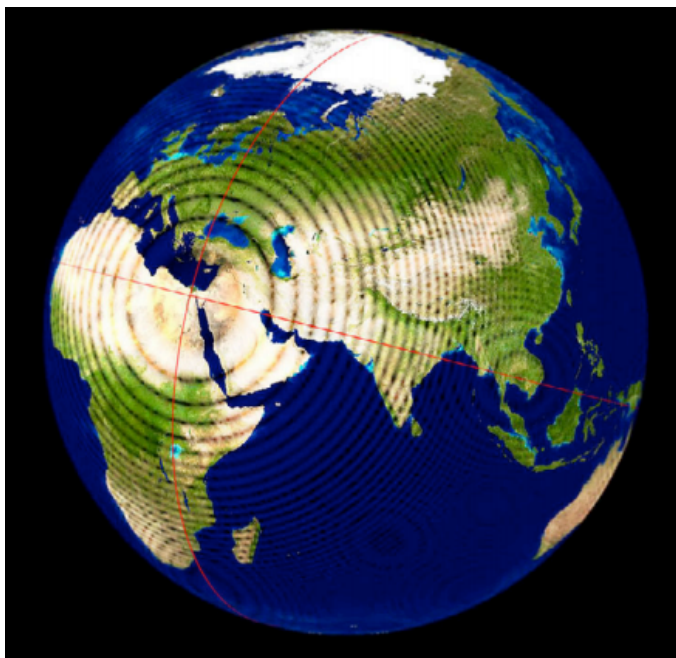


The Sine Wave alignment is a cross- section through the sphere of the Earth along which sacred ancient sites conform to the Fibonacci – ordered complex plane of the Mandelbrot set  $[z_{n+1} = z_n^2 + c]$  (4.4). This circular network of phi – proportioned sites can also be visualized as a cross- section through the Magnetic Resonance fractal (4.5). Global positioning data for each site is provided in the final section of this chapter. The abbreviated name of the site is given with the percent of the circumference distance from Giza (An = Angkor, at 19.1% from Giza). Vibratory energy from Giza is simultaneously transduced at each resonant site after the 1.45 Hz oscillations of the Great Pyramid encircle the globe, taking 4 hours to return to their source. Piezoelectric stone structures worldwide transduce a broad – spectrum of vibratory energy into a magnetic field by virtue of the angular geometries specifically designed to focus infrasound.



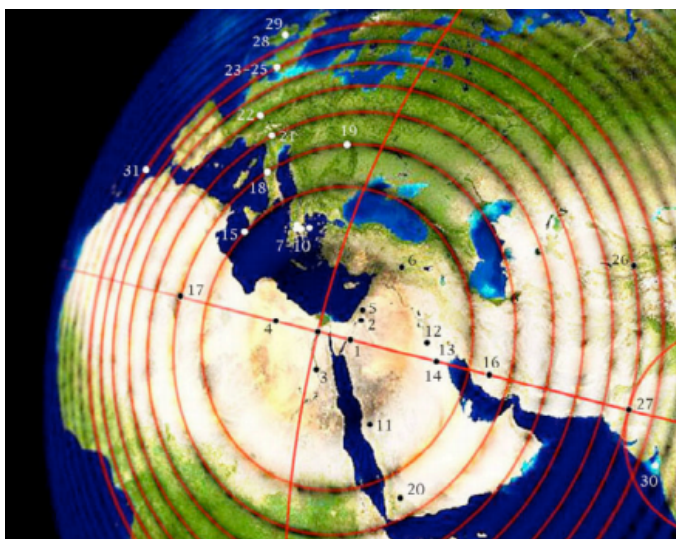
4.5. Sine Wave alignments (red) with resonant distances from Giza given as a % of Earth's circumference

The Sine Wave of ancient sites is presented as a circle in red, overlaid with a cross- section of the Magnetic Resonance structure in white. The sacred sites conforming to this planar alignment display Fibonacci-ordered distances from Giza that are provided in percent of the circle's circumference of 24,892 miles (listed clockwise from Giza): Petra 1.0%, Ur 3.6%, Persepolis 5.3%, Moenjodaro 9.0%, Khajuraho 12.0%, Bodh Gaya 13.2%, Pyay 16.2%, Sukhothai 17.5%, Phimai 18.4%, Angkor 19.1%, Rapa Nui 40.3%, Vanuatu 39.3%, Nazca 30.9%, Machu Picchu 30.0%, Xingu 25%, Tassili N'ajjer 5.3% and Siwa 1.4%.



Ultra low frequency standing waves aligned to the four faces of the Orion pyramids at Giza form concentric rings at precise Fibonacci distances, defined by the function  $[zn+1 = zn^2 \text{ modulo } n]$  presented geographically in the Magnetic Resonance map of Earth's eastern hemisphere ( 4. 6 ). The series of great concentric circles expanding from the center – point at Giza form a progression proceeding in percent of Earth's circumference: 3.6, 4.5, 5.3, 6.6, 7.3, 8.2, 9.0, 9.5 and 10.0%. The eastern hemisphere's most prominent ancient stone architectural sites are demonstrated here in complete correspondence with the complex Magnetic Resonance alignments (4. 7 ). Global positions and Fibonacci distances from Giza are provided at the conclusion of this chapter for each numbered sacred site presented in the following sequence of Magnetic Resonance spherical maps.

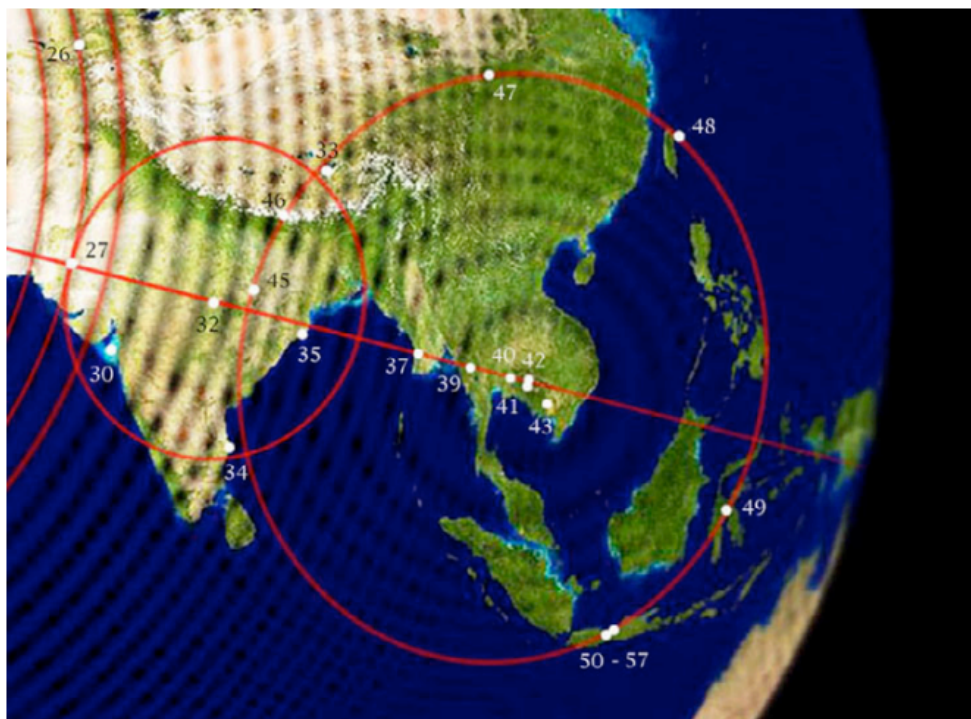
The world's dominant contemporary religions are founded on sacred piezoelectric architecture sites located within the greater structure of infrasound resonance: the Vatican in Italy, Jerusalem's Temple Mount in Israel, and Mecca in Saudi Arabia. The psychoacoustic technologies employed by religious architecture are the same in every system of belief.



4.7. Standing waves of Magnetic Resonance extending to 10% of the Earth's circumference distance from Giza

A few recently discovered sites are presented here, including the submerged site in the Gulf of Khambat #30 off of Gudjerat. Among many piezoelectric temples in Malta #15 is a newly discovered submerged temple. The vaults of elongated skulls showing advanced cranial augmentation below Malta's temples may have been developed through full- spectrum ULF wave entrainment from Giza transduced by the properties of the numerous limestone temple structures including the Hypogeum, Mnajdra, Ggantija, Hagar Qim, Hal Ginwi, Tarxien, Tal Qadi, Tah'Hagrat, Skorba and Bugibba. Two ancient pyramid sites recently discovered are also in resonant alignment: the low – angle Orion pyramids of Montevecchia, Italy #21 and the pyramids of Samarqand, Uzbekistan #26 yet to be fully documented. The dune – covered regions of the Sahara Desert

of Northern Africa may conceal temple locations to be revealed by remote sensing using ground penetrating radar and sonar; tools only recently employed in archaeology that have revolutionized site surveillance capabilities and exposed dozens of new monumental temple sites.



4.10. Magnetic Resonance nodal alignments seen at 11.8% (#32) and 19.1%, centered on the Angkor complex (#41)

Yonaguni #48 is a gigantic geometrically carved platform over 450' in length with megalithic arches and a cave opening that are hewn from a single massive outcropping of the Yaeyama mudstone formation off Iseki Pt. These marine sites are all less than 100' of depth and must have been constructed over 9,000 years ago, when more of the Earth's water was trapped in the polar glacial icecaps lowering sea levels. The design layout of the Orion's belt constellation is observed at both the Xi'an pyramids #47 and the Borobudur limestone Buddhist temples #51 – 57. Several of Java's Buddhist sites have clearly been designed using the same underlying geometry evident in the stepped pyramids of Mesoamerica, with a steep central ascending stairway.

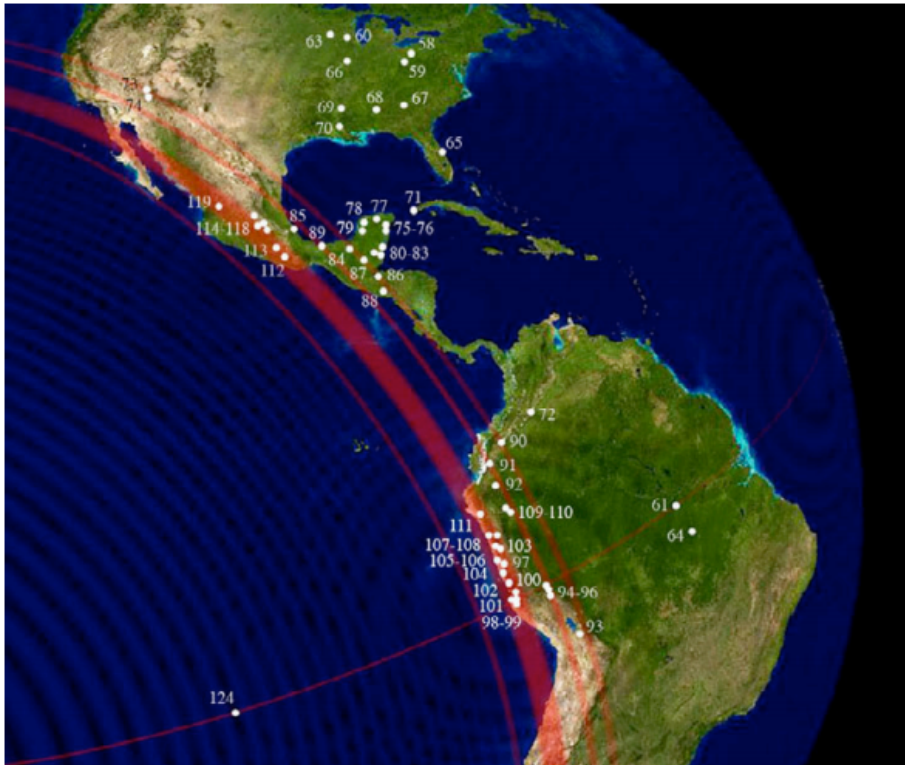
Temple sites mapped in the eastern hemisphere represent the foundation of many contemporary religions including Islam, Hinduism and both Theravada and Mahayana traditions of Buddhism. Hindu sacred temples are spread throughout India and described here only by a few prime sites including Mahabalipuram #34, where temples on the present shoreline sit adjacent to those now submerged off the coast and recently discovered by G. Hancock.

The Gautama Buddha's enlightenment occurred at Bodh Gaya, a site in resonant alignment with the infrasonic waves of Giza's Orion complex, situated at Fibonacci distances from both Giza and Angkor. The Tibetan Buddhist capitol of Lhasa (29.68°N, 91.17°E) #33 is aligned due east of Giza (29.97°N, 31.11°E), at exactly one sixth of the latitudinal circumference at the 30th parallel. The Mandelbrot Set is also presented as a design principle underlying the layout of Angkor temples and many ancient images of the Buddha (4.12).

4.12. Mset structure of Angkor Wat (left), lotus Buddha image (center) and the Octagon Mound, Ohio, US (right)



A spherical rendering presents the infrasound standing wave resonance pattern in the western hemisphere, where the resulting tectonic shifting generates earthquakes along 'the Ring of Fire' ( 4.17 ). The relative geositions of ancient sites reveal that the sacred mandala symbol encodes the unified structure of the cosmos by which the pyramids focus the ambient energy of planetary resonance. While the infrasound oscillations are most distinctly seen by infrared observations, the resonance also becomes visible to Doppler radar due to the suspension of water vapor in the multi-layered standing waves. A composite image of stationary vapor cover over the United States from January 23, 2003 ( 4.18 ) provides a clear view of the fixed network of infrasound focal points. The correlation between the IR measurements and vapor reflectivity demands a thorough comparison with ancient Native American sacred sites beyond the few earthworks and mounds mentioned here. A detail image of the Magnetic Resonance mapping of Mesoamerica (4.19 , left ) shows synchronicity with the sacred maps of the Mayan Elders presently involved in the activation of their pyramid sites beginning at Calakmul Pyramid.



Mesoamerica and South America are regions of the highest concentration of ancient limestone and granite masonry anywhere in the world, as well as some of the most archaeologically rich and unexplored areas, like the Amazon basin. The region of highest density of limestone temples is surely the Yucatan peninsula, whose tropical forests still completely cover hundreds more temples including complete cities of temples spanning for unexcavated miles like at Piedras Negras. The many ruins of the Maya people are so extensive and unexplored. Even well known sites hold uncharted tunnel systems below. Only the most well known ancient temple sites are numerated here in the mapping of Magnetic Resonance in the Americas (4.20 ), but the extent of temples falling into this resonant band of alignment along the 30.0% to 30.9% great circle distance from Giza must number well over a thousand major sites.

The rainforests of the Amazon are slowly revealing their ancient civilizations; M. Heckenbecker has documented the solar and lunar alignments of complex ancient settlements of indigenous peoples of the Xingu River #61 and its tributaries including the Cuelene River #64 . This region is also well known for its advanced indigenous traditions of trance entrainment using psychoacoustic whistles in all forms and materials, including stone, bone, wood, shell and ceramic. The most complex psychoacoustic instruments developed were the tri-harmonic stone flutes of the Bolivian Andes discussed earlier, and the most widespread cultural practices of psychoacoustic entrainment observed of any region in the world.

One submerged limestone architectural complex is also plotted in resonant Fibonacci alignment: the sand-covered pyramids of the Guanahacabibes Gulf #71 at a depth of over 2,000' off the west coast of Cuba. The dark oxidized limestone blocks confirm that the stepped pyramid structures were built when the area was above sea level, having been catastrophically lowered by massive subduction events likely linked with the global catastrophe that abruptly ended the Pleistocene glacial period and began the global warming trend defining the Holocene. Remote sensing and mapping of the submerged Cuban pyramid complex will provide details of the cosmic alignments of its buildings in the years to come, yet its placement within the

structure of Magnetic Resonance can be determined by its geoposition. The distance from the Guanahacabibes Pyramids' to Giza is 27.77% of Earth's mean circumference, approximating F#133 (27.9 x 10- 26). This distance is 6,912 miles, which closely approximates F#3 55 ( 6936 x 10- 70). These megalithic structures stand among only a few others like Japan's Yonaguni marine site that have been so completely preserved by their inundation as to have captured the very moment of devastation, to be archived along the continental shelf, silted upon for millennia. Sites of subterranean discoveries are also included in this analysis, namely at Sutatausa, Colombia and at La Maná and Cuenca in Ecuador, though of vast number of temple sites include uncharted subterranean chambers.

Another category of sacred sites built within the Magnetic Resonance alignment are the earthen mound formations of North America that also display resonant properties as clay is piezoelectric, like limestone and quartz. The locations of circular kivas and the adobe cliff dwellings of the American southwest are also presented. The largest rock formation symbolically designed as a sacred site by ancient people is the limestone Nazca Desert floor #98 . Lines were dug into the dark bedrock to expose white underlying limestone, forming paths likely used in processional group meditation. The various geoglyphs mark the prime locality where infrasound heart beat entrainment frequencies are focused and become amplified by the resonant calcite formations. Indeed, the very rock substrate of the area was apparently used as a psychoacoustic transducer of ULF signals from Giza, as symbolized by the sacred animals depicted including the spider, monk ey, killer whale and various birds, even one with a zigzag neck.

## Appendix I: Prime Fibonacci Number Sets that Correlate with Ancient Site Distances

Following is a list of Fibonacci numbers that show an intriguing relationship with **prime numbers** (highlighted in blue) in that *both their values and their placement in the Fibonacci sequence are prime*. With F#31 we find the first instance where the placement is prime (31) but the value is not, as in the case of F#37, F#41, F#53 and others. Three consecutive primes, F#131, F#137 and F#359 are the basis for the nine-number Fibonacci segments which describe the ancient site distances from Giza in percent and miles. The distances of ancient sacred sites in relation to Giza can be described as a percent of the Earth's circumference by F#131-139. The same site relationships are also accurately described in miles by F#353-361. The proportions of the global site distances are identically reflected in each Fibonacci number sequence, with dozens of major megalithic site locations being accurate to within three digits, in miles.

|     |   |                                                                              |                     |   |       |
|-----|---|------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------|---|-------|
| 1   | : | 1                                                                            |                     |   |       |
| 2   | : | 1                                                                            |                     |   |       |
| 3   | : | 2                                                                            |                     |   |       |
| 5   | : | 5                                                                            |                     |   |       |
| 7   | : | 13                                                                           |                     |   |       |
| 11  | : | 89                                                                           |                     |   |       |
| 13  | : | 233                                                                          |                     |   |       |
| 17  | : | 1597                                                                         |                     |   |       |
| 23  | : | 28657                                                                        |                     |   |       |
| 29  | : | 514229                                                                       |                     |   |       |
| 43  | : | 433494437                                                                    |                     |   |       |
| 47  | : | 2971215073                                                                   |                     |   |       |
| 83  | : | 99194853094755497                                                            |                     |   |       |
| .   |   |                                                                              |                     |   |       |
| .   |   |                                                                              |                     |   |       |
| .   |   |                                                                              |                     |   |       |
| 131 | : | 1066340417491710595814572169                                                 | x 10 <sup>-27</sup> | = | 1.06  |
| 132 | : | 1725375039079340637797070384                                                 | x 10 <sup>-27</sup> | = | 1.72  |
| 133 | : | 2791715456571051233611642553                                                 | x 10 <sup>-27</sup> | = | 2.79  |
| 134 | : | 4517090495650391871408712937                                                 | x 10 <sup>-27</sup> | = | 4.51  |
| 135 | : | 7308805952221443105020355490                                                 | x 10 <sup>-27</sup> | = | 7.30  |
| 136 | : | 11825896447871834976429068427                                                | x 10 <sup>-27</sup> | = | 11.82 |
| 137 | : | 19134702400093278081449423917                                                | x 10 <sup>-27</sup> | = | 19.13 |
| 138 | : | 30960598847965113057878492344                                                | x 10 <sup>-27</sup> | = | 30.96 |
| 139 | : | 50095301248058391139327916261                                                | x 10 <sup>-27</sup> | = | 50.09 |
| .   |   |                                                                              |                     |   |       |
| .   |   |                                                                              |                     |   |       |
| .   |   |                                                                              |                     |   |       |
| 353 | : | 26494272942318589069480525788592273303839335703403521573912286394960106973   | x 10 <sup>-71</sup> | = | 264   |
| 354 | : | 4286863412788815942499567477797350205106309231244248224088410550266867672    | x 10 <sup>-71</sup> | = | 428   |
| 355 | : | 69362907070206748494476200566565775354902428015845969798000696945226974645   | x 10 <sup>-71</sup> | = | 693   |
| 356 | : | 112231541198094907919471875344539277405965520328288418022089107495493842317  | x 10 <sup>-71</sup> | = | 1122  |
| 357 | : | 181594448268301656413948075911105052760867948344134387820089804440720816962  | x 10 <sup>-71</sup> | = | 1815  |
| 358 | : | 293825989466396564333419951255644330166833468672422805842178911936214659279  | x 10 <sup>-71</sup> | = | 2938  |
| 359 | : | 475420437734698220747368027166749382927701417016557193662268716376935476241  | x 10 <sup>-71</sup> | = | 4754  |
| 360 | : | 769246427201094785080787978422393713094534885688979999504447628313150135520  | x 10 <sup>-71</sup> | = | 7692  |
| 361 | : | 1244666864935793005828156005589143096022236302705537193166716344690085611761 | x 10 <sup>-71</sup> | = | 12446 |

## Appendix II: Ancient Sacred Site Coordinates and Fibonacci Relationships

| Megalithic Site Distance      | Coordinates                                           | % Distance   | Miles      | Circ.Fraction      |
|-------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------|--------------|------------|--------------------|
| <b>0 - Giza Orion Complex</b> | <b>29.97N 31.11E</b>                                  | <b>0</b>     | <b>0</b>   | <b>Infinity</b>    |
|                               | *red denotes magnetic quadrupolar alignment with Giza |              |            |                    |
|                               | *prime numbers                                        |              |            |                    |
|                               | <b>F131</b>                                           | <b>1.06%</b> | <b>264</b> | <b>1/100 F353</b>  |
| 1 - Petra, Jr                 | 30.19N 35.28E                                         | 1.0%         | 255        |                    |
| 2 - Jerusalem, Is             | 31.44N 35.13E                                         | 1.1%         | 273        |                    |
| 3 - Luxor, Egy                | 25.66N 32.70E                                         | 1.2%         | 289        |                    |
|                               | <b>F133/2</b>                                         | <b>1.40%</b> | <b>346</b> | <b>1/72 F355/2</b> |
| 4 - Siwa, Egy                 | 29.14N 25.31E                                         | 1.4%         | 350        |                    |
|                               | <b>F132</b>                                           | <b>1.72%</b> | <b>428</b> | <b>F354</b>        |
| 5 - Ba'albek, Leb             | 34.00N 36.13E                                         | 1.7%         | 424        |                    |
|                               | <b>F133</b>                                           | <b>2.79%</b> | <b>694</b> | <b>1/36 F355</b>   |
| 6 - Nemrud Dag, Trk           | 37.58N 38.44E                                         | 2.8%         | 694        |                    |
| 7 - Okhii, Gr                 | 38.08N 24.45E                                         | 2.8%         | 698        |                    |
| 8 - Acropolis, Gr             | 37.57N 23.42E                                         | 2.8%         | 705        |                    |
| 9 - Mycenae, Gr               | 37.60N 22.80E                                         | 2.9%         | 720        |                    |

|                             |                 |              |              |                      |
|-----------------------------|-----------------|--------------|--------------|----------------------|
| 9 - Mycenae, Gr             | 38.41N 23.45E   | 3.0%         | 749          |                      |
| 10 - Delphi, Gr             | 21.26N 39.53E   | 3.1%         | 777          |                      |
| 11 - Mecca, Sau             | 32.75N 44.38E   | 3.2%         | 814          |                      |
| 12 - Babylon, Irq           |                 |              |              |                      |
|                             | <b>F135/2</b>   | <b>3.6%</b>  | <b>896</b>   | <b>1/28 F357/2</b>   |
| 13 - Ur, Irq                | 30.57N 46.07E   | 3.6%         | 896          |                      |
| 14 - Uruk, Irq              | 31.35N 45.60E   | 3.6%         | 871          |                      |
|                             | <b>F134</b>     | <b>4.51%</b> | <b>1,122</b> | <b>1/22 F356</b>     |
| 15 - Hypogeum, Malta        | 36.10N 14.10E   | 4.4%         | 1,091        |                      |
|                             | <b>F131/2</b>   | <b>5.26%</b> | <b>1,309</b> | <b>1/19 F353/2</b>   |
| 16 - Persepolis, Ir         | 29.93N 52.90E   | 5.2%         | 1,304        |                      |
| 17 - Tassili n'Ajjer, Al    | 26.32N 9.50E    | 5.3%         | 1,320        |                      |
| 18 - Rome, Vatican, It      | 41.53N 12.30E   | 5.3%         | 1,326        |                      |
| 19 - Petridava, Ukr         | 48.48N 26.35E   | 5.3%         | 1,326        |                      |
| 20 - Ma'rib, Ye             | 15.26N 45.20E   | 5.4%         | 1,350        |                      |
| 21 - Montevecchia, It       | 45.90N 9.10E    | 6.6%         | 1,635        | <b>1/15 13.2/2</b>   |
|                             | <b>F135</b>     | <b>7.3%</b>  | <b>1,815</b> | <b>1/14 F357</b>     |
| 22 - Glozel, Fr             | 45.16N 3.90E    | 7.3%         | 1,827        |                      |
|                             | <b>F134 x 2</b> | <b>9.0%</b>  | <b>2,244</b> | <b>1/11 F356 x2</b>  |
| 23 - Stonehenge, En         | 51.08N 1.49W    | 9.0%         | 2,239        |                      |
| 24 - Avebury Henge, En      | 51.42N* 1.42W   | 9.0%         | 2,248        | *Lat 1/7             |
| 25 - Silbury Hill, En       | 51.33N 1.40W    | 9.0%         | 2,245        |                      |
| 26 - Samarkand Pyr, Uz      | 39.80N 68.75E   | 9.0%         | 2,238        |                      |
| 27 - Moenjodaro, Pk         | 27.05N 67.15E   | 9.0%         | 2,249        |                      |
|                             | <b>F139 x 2</b> | <b>10.0%</b> | <b>2,489</b> | <b>1/10 F361 x 2</b> |
| 28 - Newgrange, Ir          | 53.42N 6.29W    | 10.0%        | 2,494        |                      |
| 29 - Knowth, Dowth, Ir      | 53.43N 6.29W    | 10.0%        | 2,495        |                      |
| 30 - Gulf of Khambat, Ind   | 21.73N 72.57E   | 10.5%        | 2,620        |                      |
| 31 - Tenerife, Canary Is    | 28.48N 16.23W   | 11.4%        | 2,845        |                      |
| 32 - Khajuraho, Ind         | 24.85N 79.93E   | 12.0%        | 3,002        | <b>1/8</b>           |
| 27 - Khajuraho - Moenjo.    | 27.18N 68.07E   | 3.1%         | 789          |                      |
| 33 - Khajuraho - Lhasa, Ti  | 29.44N 91.12E   | 3.0%         | 739          |                      |
| 45 - Bodh Gaya, Ind         | 24.42N 84.58E   | 13.2%        | 3,290        |                      |
| 33 - Lhasa, Ti              | 29.68N 91.17E   | 14.3%        | 3,571        |                      |
| 34 - Mahabalipuram, Ind     | 12.58N 80.17E   | 13.5%        | 3,355        |                      |
| 35 - Konarak, Ind           | 19.90N 86.10E   | 14.0%        | 3,490        |                      |
| 36 - Mumbahuru, Zim         | 20.05S 30.45E   | 13.7%        | 3,413        |                      |
| 37 - Pyay, Th               | 19.15N 95.05E   | 16.2%        | 4,048        |                      |
| 38 - Geographic N Pole      | 90.00N          | 16.7%        | 4,172        | <b>1/6</b>           |
| 39 - Sukhothai, Th          | 17.00N 99.85E   | 17.6%        | 4,396        |                      |
| 40 - Phimai, Th             | 15.13N 102.50E  | 18.4%        | 4,599        |                      |
|                             | <b>F137</b>     | <b>19.1%</b> | <b>4,754</b> | <b>F359</b>          |
| 41 - Angkor Wat, Cm         | 13.43N 103.83E  | 19.1%        | 4,742        |                      |
| 42 - Preah Vihear, Cm       | 14.24N 104.40E  | 19.1%        | 4,752        |                      |
| 43 - Preah Khan, Cm         | 13.40N 104.75E  | 19.2%        | 4,789        |                      |
| 44 - Geomagnetic North      | 78.30N 104.0W   | 19.1%        | 4,763        |                      |
|                             | <b>F136/2</b>   | <b>5.88%</b> | <b>1,463</b> | <b>1/17 F358/2</b>   |
| 45 - Angkor - Bodh Gaya, I  | 24.42N 84.58E   | 5.9%         | 1,461        |                      |
| 46 - Angkor - Everest, Ne   | 27.58N 86.56E   | 5.9%         | 1,484        |                      |
| 47 - Angkor - Xi'an, Ch     | 34.15N 108.5E   | 5.9%         | 1,474        |                      |
| 48 - Angkor - Yonaguni, Jp  | 24.26N 123.0E   | 5.9%         | 1,464        |                      |
| 49 - Angkor - Bada Vall, In | 1.00S 119.50E   | 5.9%         | 1,483        |                      |
| 50 - Angkor - Dieng, In     | 7.12S 109.54E   | 5.9%         | 1,489        |                      |
| 51 - Angkor - Borobudur, In | 7.29S 110.12E   | 5.9%         | 1,484        |                      |
| 52 - Angkor - C Pawon, In   | 7.36S 110.13E   | 5.9%         | 1,489        |                      |
| 53 - Angkor - C Banon, In   | 7.36S 110.13E   | 5.9%         | 1,489        |                      |
| 54 - Angkor - C Mendut, In  | 7.36S 110.13E   | 5.9%         | 1,489        |                      |
| 55 - Angkor - C Ngawen, In  | 7.36S 110.16E   | 5.9%         | 1,490        |                      |
| 56 - Angkor - C Canggal, In | 7.38S 110.17E   | 5.9%         | 1,490        |                      |
| 57 - Angkor - C Sukuh, In   | 7.38S 111.13E   | 6.0%         | 1,513        |                      |
| 58 - Octagon Mound, US      | 40.10N 82.28W   | 24.1%        | 6,000        |                      |
| 59 - Serpent Mound, US      | 38.56N 83.16W   | 24.5%        | 6,118        |                      |
| 60 - Aztalan, Rock Lk, US   | 43.08N 88.93W   | 24.7%        | 6,154        |                      |
| 49 - Bada Valley, In        | 1.00S 119.50E   | 24.7%        | 6,152        |                      |
|                             | <b>F139/2</b>   | <b>25.0%</b> | <b>6,223</b> | <b>1/4 F361/2</b>    |
| 61 - Itaituba, Bz           | 4.06S 56.21W    | 25.0%        | 6,223        |                      |
| 62 - Yakutat, Alaska        | 59.9N 138.85W   | 25.0%        | 6,241        |                      |
| 63 - Effigy Mounds, US      | 43.10N 91.15W   | 25.0%        | 6,219        |                      |
| 64 - Xingu, Culueue, Bz     | 13.10S 53.09W   | 25.3%        | 6,313        |                      |
| 65 - Turtle Mound, US       | 29.04N 80.32W   | 25.6%        | 6,380        |                      |
| 66 - Cahokia, US            | 39.00N 89.67W   | 25.6%        | 6,369        |                      |
| 67 - Etowah Mounds, US      | 34.12N 84.80W   | 25.6%        | 6,379        |                      |
| 68 - Moundville, US         | 32.99N 87.63W   | 26.3%        | 6,554        |                      |
| 69 - Poverty Point, US      | 33.09N 91.18W   | 26.9%        | 6,705        |                      |
| 70 - Emerald Mound, US      | 31.45N 91.20W   | 27.2%        | 6,782        |                      |
|                             | <b>F133</b>     | <b>27.9%</b> | <b>6,936</b> | <b>F355</b>          |
| 71 - Guanahacabibes, Cba    | 21.83N 85.15W   | 27.7%        | 6,912        | <b>5/18</b>          |

|     |                           |                       |                     |               |                     |
|-----|---------------------------|-----------------------|---------------------|---------------|---------------------|
| 72  | - Sutatausa, Col          | 4.70N 74.16W          | 28.0 %              | 6,972         |                     |
| 73  | - Mesa Verde, US          | 37.25N 108.50W        | <b>28.57%</b>       | <b>7,112</b>  | <b>2/7</b>          |
| 74  | - Chaco Canyon, US        | 36.00N 107.00W        | 28.7%               | 7,143         |                     |
| 75  | - Tulum, Mx               | 20.21N 87.43W         | 28.8%               | 7,164         |                     |
| 76  | - Coba, Mx                | 20.49N 87.72W         | 28.5%               | 7,104         |                     |
| 77  | - Chichen Itza, Mx        | 20.67N 88.58W         | 28.5%               | 7,106         |                     |
| 78  | - Uxmal, Mx               | 20.22N 89.46W         | 28.7%               | 7,142         |                     |
| 79  | - Edzna, Mx               | 19.40N 90.15W         | 28.9%               | 7,206         |                     |
| 80  | - Altun Ha, Be            | 17.75N 88.3W          | 29.2%               | 7,276         |                     |
| 81  | - Tikal, Gua              | 17.22N 89.63W         | 29.1%               | 7,254         |                     |
| 82  | - Lamanai, Be             | 17.68N 88.75W         | 29.5%               | 7,345         |                     |
| 83  | - Lubaantun, Be           | 16.30N 88.90W         | 29.2%               | 7,280         |                     |
| 84  | - Palenque, Mx            | 17.47N 92.02W         | 29.5%               | 7,347         |                     |
| 85  | - La Venta, Mx            | 17.47N 92.02W         | 29.9%               | 7,456         |                     |
| 86  | - Copan, Hon              | <b>18.00N 92.55W</b>  | 29.9%               | 7,459         |                     |
| 87  | - Yaxchilan, Mx           | 14.83N 89.15W         | 29.8%               | 7,422         |                     |
| 88  | - Tazumal, Gua            | 16.90N 90.98W         | 29.8%               | 7,428         |                     |
| 89  | - Veracruz, Mx            | 13.59N 89.33W         | <b>30.0%</b>        | <b>7,484</b>  | <b>3/10</b>         |
| 90  | - Cochasqui, Ec           | 19.11N 96.10W         | <b>0.01N 78.40W</b> | 30.4%         | 7,582               |
| 91  | - La Maná, Ec             | <b>0.95S 79.18W</b>   | 29.7%               | 7,390         |                     |
| 92  | - Cuenca, Ec              | <b>30.0%</b>          | <b>7,470</b>        | <b>3/10</b>   |                     |
| 93  | - Tiwanaku, Bo            | 2.91S 79.05W          | 30.2%               | 7,531         |                     |
| 94  | - Saqsaywaman, Pe         | 16.55S 68.67W         | 29.5%               | 7,351         |                     |
| 95  | - Pisac, Pe               | <b>13.52S 72.00W</b>  | 29.9%               | 7,456         |                     |
| 96  | - Ollantaytambo, Pe       | <b>13.26S 71.51W</b>  | 29.8%               | 7,418         |                     |
| 97  | - Macchu Picchu, Pe       | <b>13.15S 72.16W</b>  | <b>30.0%</b>        | <b>7,472</b>  | <b>3/10</b>         |
|     |                           | <b>13.12S 72.58W</b>  | <b>30.0%</b>        | <b>7,478</b>  | <b>3/10</b>         |
|     |                           | <b>F138</b>           | <b>30.9%</b>        | <b>7,692</b>  | <b>F360</b>         |
| 98  | - Nazca, Pe               | 14.83S 74.95W         | <b>30.9%</b>        | <b>7,673</b>  |                     |
| 99  | - Caluach, Pe             | 14.48S 75.10W         | <b>30.9%</b>        | <b>7,679</b>  |                     |
| 100 | - Tambo Colorado, Pe      | <b>13.38S 75.46W</b>  | <b>30.9%</b>        | <b>7,694</b>  |                     |
| 101 | - Paracas, Pe             | 13.34S 76.12W         | <b>30.9%</b>        | <b>7,697</b>  |                     |
| 102 | - Pachacamac, Pe          | 12.13S 76.52W         | <b>30.9%</b>        | <b>7,710</b>  |                     |
| 103 | - Marahuasi, Pe           | 11.46S 76.34W         | <b>30.9%</b>        | <b>7,680</b>  |                     |
| 104 | - Caral, Pe               | 10.54S 77.31W         | <b>30.9%</b>        | <b>7,710</b>  |                     |
| 105 | - Sechin, Pe              | 9.26S 78.13W          | <b>30.9%</b>        | <b>7,702</b>  |                     |
| 106 | - Chavin de Huantar, Pe   | 9.53S 77.10W          | 30.7%               | 7,636         |                     |
| 107 | - Chan Chan, Pe           | 8.08S 79.07W          | <b>30.9%</b>        | <b>7,707</b>  |                     |
| 108 | - Moche, Pe               | 8.06S 78.56W          | <b>30.9%</b>        | <b>7,695</b>  |                     |
| 109 | - Kuelap, Pe              | 6.24S 77.54W          | 30.3%               | 7,543         |                     |
| 110 | - Laguna Condorez, Pe     | 6.40S 77.10W          | 30.3%               | 7,533         |                     |
| 111 | - Tucume, Pe              | 6.51S 79.85W          | <b>30.9%</b>        | <b>7,702</b>  |                     |
| 112 | - Mitla, Mx               | 16.55N 96.24W         | <b>30.9%</b>        | <b>7,680</b>  |                     |
| 113 | - Monte Alban, Mx         | 17.50N 96.75W         | <b>30.9%</b>        | <b>7,688</b>  |                     |
| 114 | - Cuicuilco, Mx           | 19.26N 99.09W         | <b>30.9%</b>        | <b>7,699</b>  |                     |
| 115 | - Cholula, Mx             | 19.04N 98.18W         | 30.8%               | 7,669         |                     |
| 116 | - Teotihuacan, Mx         | 19.68N 98.83W         | <b>30.9%</b>        | <b>7,684</b>  |                     |
| 117 | - Tula, Mx                | 20.03N 99.20W         | 30.8%               | 7,669         |                     |
| 118 | - Tenochtitlan, Mx        | 18.85N 99.35W         | 31.1%               | 7,748         |                     |
| 119 | - La Quemada, Mx          | 22.25N 102.49W        | 31.0%               | 7,721         |                     |
| 120 | - Uluru (Ayers Rock), Aus | 25.22S 131.03E        | 30.6%               | 7,617         |                     |
| 121 | - Lk Vostok, Antarctica   | 78.45S 106.43E        | <b>32.1%</b>        | <b>8,007</b>  |                     |
| 122 | - Geomagnetic S Pole      | <b>74.12S 126.36E</b> | <b>33.2%</b>        | <b>8,265</b>  | <b>1/3</b>          |
| 123 | - Geographic S Pole       | <b>90.00S 0.00E</b>   | <b>33.2%</b>        | <b>8,274</b>  |                     |
| 124 | - Easter Island, Ch       | 27.12S 109.40W        | <b>40%</b>          | <b>9,956</b>  | <b>2/5</b>          |
| 125 | - Anatom Island, Vn       | 20.10S 169.48E        | 40.3%               | 10,044        |                     |
|     |                           |                       | 39.3%               | 9,802         |                     |
| 126 | - Waitapu, NZ             | 36.0S 173.5E          | <b>41.0%</b>        | <b>10,212</b> |                     |
|     | Waitapu - Giza antipode   | <b>F134 x 2</b>       | <b>9.0%</b>         | <b>2,244</b>  | <b>1/11 F356 x2</b> |
| 127 | - Opunohu, Moorea, Fr     | 17.32S 145.45W        | 46.4%               | 11,553        |                     |
|     | Opunohu - Giza antipode   | <b>F135/2</b>         | <b>3.6%</b>         | <b>893</b>    | <b>F357/2</b>       |
|     | Angkor Wat - Nazca        | <b>F139</b>           | <b>50.0%</b>        | <b>12,446</b> | <b>F361</b>         |

## Human Resonance

## 2 thoughts on “Resonance Atlas: Geographic Mapping of Ancient Sites”



Raj Guhan

June 4, 2013 at 6:18 PM

Is that all??



Suzanne Benoit

August 5, 2013 at 8:20 PM

Great article! Thanks for sharing! This might explain all the strange weather and plane crashes or belly landings lately... and I've noticed on Aviation Herald a lot of spontaneous smoke and fires that put themselves out with NO sign of incident when investigators review the situation but there are plenty of

passenger witnesses and crew and many emergency landings. Empty planes have even ignited spontaneously just sitting on the tarmac for no apparent reason.

This might also explain the “perma-cloud” and mist that has been hovering over our city and outskirts for months on end and it is supposed to be completely sunny and hot here in Ecuador during the summer. This is not typical weather AT ALL and we certainly can’t blame it on “weather control” since that is primarily in NA and Europe or offshore. Something is certainly changing this planet and the WHOLE solar system too!

This might also explain all of the hotspots where people are hearing “The Hum”, unexplainable booms and anomalous events that are occurring more and more every day in these areas! ...not to mention the “sheets of rain” that have been flooding cities recently like Calgary in a matter of minutes. Alex Putney has documented and posted 13 years of these events on his Timecycle page:

UPDATE: His original web address was taken from him so the new URL is now with a dash:

<http://www.human-resonance.org/timecycle.html>

or

(3 Ws)(dot)Human-Resonance(dot)org/timecycle(dot)html

Alex is looking to be more and more correct every day! Check it out!

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Flower of Life and Cell Division - Geometry of Creation

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